

**Relationships, Sex and Health**

**Education (SRE) Policy**

**September 2023**

Cognita 41-42 Eastcastle Street, London W1W 8DY[, www.cognita.com](http://www.cognita.com/) Registered in England Cognita Limited No 5280910 Registered Office: Seebeck House, One Seebeck Place, Knowlhill, Milton Keynes MK5 8FR

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# 1 Introduction and aims

The purpose of this policy is to ensure that our Relationships and Sex Education (RSE) supports our school ethos and fulfils our school aims, which are defined as:

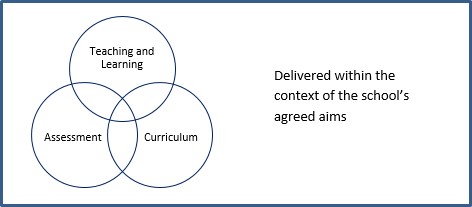
* Developing the whole child
* Respecting self
* Value and care for others
* Personal responsibility

 This policy applies to all students, including those in the Early Years.

 This policy forms part of the curriculum.

 We see the curriculum as, ‘The total learning experience for our students, which includes not only the taught lessons but also the routines, behaviours, events, activities and other opportunities that our students experience on a daily, weekly and yearly basis in order to ensure that all of them make the best progress possible and attain high standards’.

 A well-structured and coherent curriculum is a fundamental element of the tripartite education that underpins all successful schools and includes Teaching, Learning and Assessment (see model below) and is underpinned by Wellbeing.



The aims of RSE at our school are to:

 Provide a framework in which sensitive discussions can take place.

 Prepare students for puberty, and give them an understanding of sexual development and the importance of health and hygiene.

 Help students develop feelings of self-respect, confidence, and empathy.

 Create a positive culture around sexuality and relationships.

 Teach students the correct vocabulary to describe themselves and their bodies.

 Help students understand that healthy relationships are an important part of wellbeing.

We recognise the important role that parents/carers play in teaching their children about sex, relationships and growing up. We aim to work in partnership with parents, carers and students, consulting them about the content of programmes. We also aim to work in partnership with other relevant health and education professionals as appropriate.

# 2 Statutory requirements

 Our policy follows the statutory guidance given by the government (DfE) and meets the requirements of the Independent School Standards. Aspects of RSE are infused within the day to day operation of our school; incorporated through the curriculum, both in content included in subject schemes of work and through other planned learning opportunities in the school. They are captured in our written aims and expressed in the ethos and behaviours of everyone.

 As a Preparatory School, we must ensure that every registered student who is provided with primary education at the school is provided with relationships education, in accordance with section 34 of the Children and Social Work Act 2017 and the Independent School Standards

 As a Secondary school, we must ensure that every registered pupil who is provided with secondary education at the school is provided with relationships and sex education, except in so far as the pupil is excused as mentioned in sub-paragraph 9, in accordance with section 34 of Children and Social Work Act 2017 and the Independent School Standards, and with regard to guidance outlined in section 403 of the Education Act 1996.

At Huddersfield Grammar School, we teach RSE as set out in this policy.

# 3 Policy development

This policy has been developed in consultation with staff, students and parents. The consultation and policy development process involved the following steps:

* Review – The PSHE Lead reviewed all relevant information, including but not limited to, relevant national and local guidance.

* The policy was drafted in accordance with statutory guidance and aligned with the Independent School Regulations/BSO Standards. The school curriculum plans were amended accordingly.

* Staff consultation – school staff were given the opportunity to review the policy and make recommendations.

* Parent/stakeholder consultation – parents and any interested parties were invited to provide feedback on the policy and offer commentary.

* Student consultation – students were consulted with about their RSE lessons in student voice meetings

* Ratification – once amendments were made, the policy was published.

* Policy review – this policy will be reviewed in June 2022.

# 4 Definition

 RSE is about the emotional, social and cultural development of students, and involves learning about relationships, sexual health, sexuality, healthy lifestyles, diversity and personal identity.

 RSE involves a combination of sharing information and exploring issues and values.

 RSE is not about the promotion of sexual activity, sexual orientation, or a specific sexual identity.

# 5 Curriculum

 Our curriculum is set out in Appendix 1, but we may need to adapt this as and when necessary.

 We have developed the curriculum in consultation with parents, students, and staff, taking into account the age, needs and feelings of students.

 Primary sex education in Upper KS2 will focus on:

* Preparing boys and girls for the changes that adolescence brings; and
* How a baby is conceived and born.

It will:

i. consider the ages, aptitudes and needs of all pupils, including those pupils with

SEND/ and an EHC plan; ii. not undermine the fundamental British values of democracy, the rule of law, individual liberty, and mutual respect and tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs; and iii. ensure that discriminatory, extremist opinions or behaviours are challenged as a matter of routine.

 For more information about our curriculum, see Appendices 1 and 2 and our Curriculum Policy

# 6 Delivery of RSE

 Our RSE is taught as part of our PSHEE curriculum. The PSHE course is delivered to all students through discrete PSHE lessons taught by our teachers. There are two lessons of taught PSHE a week. Elements of the programme may be supported through the bringing in of additional expertise, such as outside speakers, trained health professionals, or the use of teachers with a particular interest or knowledge in a specific area. In addition to these discrete sessions, PSHEE is also embedded within the curriculum (e.g. social issues through the teaching of English Literature; Health through Biology and PE; Citizenship through History & RE). There are also centrally organised sessions which supplement the delivery in house.

6.2 In Primary, relationships education focuses on teaching the fundamental building blocks and characteristics of positive relationships, including:

* Families and people who care for me
* Caring friendships
* Respectful relationships
* Online relationships
* Being safe

* 1. For more information about our RSE curriculum, see Appendices 1 and 2 and our Curriculum Policy.

* 1. In Seniors, RSE focuses on giving young people the information they need to help them develop healthy, nurturing relationships of all kinds, including:
* Families

**Relationships**• Respectful **and Sex** relationships,**Education (RSE) Policy** including friendships

* Online and media
* Being safe
* Intimate and sexual relationships, including sexual health

* 1. For more information about our RSE curriculum, see Appendices 1 and 2 and our Curriculum Policy.

* 1. These areas of learning are taught within the context of family life, taking care to ensure that there is no stigmatisation of children based on their home circumstances (families can include single parent families, LGBTQ+ parents, families headed by grandparents, adoptive parents, foster parents/carers amongst other structures), along with reflecting sensitively that some children may have a different structure of support around them (for example: looked after children or young carers).

# 7 Roles and responsibilities

## Staff & Governance

### PSHE Lead Teacher

The person with responsibility for the overview and yearly evaluation of this policy is Alexander Collingwood. However, all staff are responsible for ensuring this policy is implemented and acted on.

When evaluating the use and impact of this policy, our school leaders will evaluate the extent to which there is evidence of a curriculum which:

* Fulfils the aims of the school;
* Embeds aspiration, attributes, and the expectation to achieve high standards and high rates of progress; and
* Provides engagement and excitement for learning.

### The Headteacher

The Headteacher is responsible for ensuring that RSE is taught consistently across the school, and for managing requests to withdraw students from non-statutory components of RSE (see section 8).

### The Chair of Governors

The Chair of Governors (Director of Education) will hold the Headteacher to account for the implementation of this policy.

The Chair of Governors will ensure that:

* all pupils make progress in achieving the expected educational outcomes;
* the subjects are well led, effectively managed and well planned;
* the quality of provision is subject to regular and effective self-evaluation;
* teaching is delivered in ways that are accessible to all pupils with SEND (see below); • Teaching is sensitive to the needs of all students with protected characteristics under the Equality Act 2010
* clear information is provided for parents on the subject content and the right to request that their child is withdrawn; and,
* the subjects are resourced, staffed and timetabled in a way that ensures that the school can fulfil its legal obligations.

#### 7.4 Staff

Staff are responsible for:

• Delivering RSE in a sensitive way;

### Relationships• Modelling and positive Sex Education attitudes to (RSE) Policy RSE;

* Monitoring progress;
* Responding to the needs of individual students; and
* Responding appropriately to students whose parents wish them to be withdrawn from the non-statutory components of RSE.

Staff do not have the right to opt out of teaching RSE. Staff who have concerns about teaching RSE are encouraged to discuss this with the Headteacher.

Linda Rhodes (Primary) PSHE Lead, Lauren Vials (Secondary) PSHE Lead and Alexandra Collingwood (Deputy Head Character)

# 8 Students

Students are expected to engage fully in RSE and, when discussing issues related to RSE, treat others with respect and sensitivity.

### Students with Special Educational Needs and Disabilities

Our curriculum is inclusive and our RSE and Health Education is accessible for all students. For those pupils with special educational needs or specific learning difficulties, the school has a well-established Learning Support department led by a SENCO. Further details of this provision can be found in our Special Educational Needs and Disability (SEND) Policy.

High quality teaching that is differentiated and personalised will be the starting point to ensure accessibility.

As set out in the SEND code of practice, when teaching these subjects to those with SEND, Huddersfield Grammar School is mindful of preparing students for adulthood.

Huddersfield Grammar School is aware that some pupils are more vulnerable to exploitation, bullying and other issues due to the nature of their SEND. Relationships Education and RSE can also be particularly important subjects for some pupils; for example those with Social, Emotional and Mental Health needs or learning disabilities. Such factors will be taken into consideration in designing and teaching these subjects.

# 9 Parents’ right to withdraw

 If parents require more information on RSE for primary aged children, this is a useful source of information for them:

[https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_d ata/file/812593/RSE\_primary\_schools\_guide\_for\_parents.pdf](https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/812593/RSE_primary_schools_guide_for_parents.pdf)

 If parents require more information on RSE for secondary aged children, this is a useful source of information for them:

[https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_d ata/file/812594/RSE\_secondary\_schools\_guide\_for\_parents.pdf](https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/812594/RSE_secondary_schools_guide_for_parents.pdf)

 Parents of primary students do not have the right to withdraw their children from relationships education.

Parents of primary students have the right to withdraw their children from the non-statutory components of sex education within RSE.

Requests for withdrawal should be put in writing using the form found in Appendix 3 of this policy and addressed to the Headteacher.

Alternative work will be given to students who are withdrawn from sex education.

Parents of Senior students have the right to withdraw their children from the non-statutory components of sex education within RSE up to and until 3 terms before the child turns 16. After this point, if the child wishes to receive sex education rather than being withdrawn, the school will arrange this.

Requests for withdrawal should be put in writing using the form found in Appendix 3 of this policy and addressed to the Headteacher.

A copy of withdrawal requests will be placed in the pupil’s educational record. The Headteacher will discuss the request with parents.

Alternative work will be given to students who are withdrawn from sex education.

# 10 Training

 Staff are trained on the delivery of RSE as part of their induction and it is included in our continuing professional development programme.

 The Headteacher will also invite visitors from outside the school, such as school nurses or sexual health professionals, to provide support and training to staff teaching RSE.

# 11 Monitoring arrangements

 The delivery of RSE is monitored by Samantha Basnett-Nash (Primary) and Alexandra Collingwood (Seniors) through regular learning walks, curriculum development and sharing of best practice.

 Students’ development in RSE is monitored by class teachers as part of our internal assessment systems.

# Appendix 1: Curriculum Map

**Relationships and Sex Education Curriculum Map**

The timing of the curriculum is flexible to accommodate students’ needs.

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| YEAR GROUP | TERM | TOPIC DETAIL | RESOURCES |
| EYFS | Ongoing | Children’s Personal, Social and Emotional Development (PSED) is crucial for children to lead healthy and happy lives and is fundamental to their cognitive development. Underpinning their personal development are the important attachments that shape their social world. Strong, warm, and supportive relationships with adults enable children to learn how to understand their own feelings and those of others.  Three of the Areas of Learning (PSED; Physical Development;  Understanding the World) enable Early Years children to work on similar themes set out in PSHE Primary Education (Health and Wellbeing; Relationships; Living in the Wider World).  Relationships:  Through supported interaction with other children, they learn how to make good friendships, co-operate and resolve conflicts peaceably.  Children will have the opportunity to share, discuss and learn about the culture and heritage of themselves and others; diverse family dynamics; roles, responsibilities and equal opportunities in our community and society. Local Area Visits provide a platform to talk about the meaning of safe and unsafe relationships and social interactions.  Children also participate in Safer Internet Days to learn about how to stay safe online and sensible amounts of ‘screen time’. |  |

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| YEAR GROUP | TERM | TOPIC DETAIL | RESOURCES |
| Year 1 | Autumn 1 & 2                Spring 1 & 2 | Health and Wellbeing including:  Rules for keeping safe in familiar and unfamiliar situations.  The correct names for the main parts of the body of boys and girls.  Learn how to ask for help if worried about something. Learn about privacy in different contexts.      Healthy Relationships including:  The importance of not keeping secrets that make them feel uncomfortable, anxious or afraid.  Learn about appropriate and inappropriate touch (PANTS).  Different types of behaviour and how this can make others feel. | PSHE Association |
| Year 2 | Autumn 1 & 2                  Spring 1 & 2 | Health and Wellbeing including:  Identify the physical similarities and differences between boys and girls and the correct names for the main parts of the body of boys and girls.  Ways to stay safe online.  Where they go for help (including online, phone helpline, person at school, person at home) and how to ask for help in different contexts.      Healthy Relationships including:  Recognise when behaviour is not ok and identify what they can do in such situations and afterwards, including identifying when and who to tell. Secrets - no one (including adults) should ask them to keep a secret or surprise that makes them feel worried or uncomfortable.  Identify whom they can go to in school if they are worried about a surprise or a secret.  Learn about listening to others and playing cooperatively. | PSHE Association |

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| YEAR GROUP | TERM | TOPIC DETAIL | RESOURCES |
| Year 3 | Spring 1 & 2 | Relationships including:    Things that cause conflict between me and my friends  What makes a positive, healthy relationship  How to maintain good friendships  The difference between acceptable and unacceptable physical contact and how to respond to it (PANTS)  Similarities and differences  Stereotypes  Keeping safe online | PSHE Association  NSPCC programme  [Growing up with Yasmin and](https://www.pshe-association.org.uk/curriculum-and-resources/resources/growing-yasmine-tom-%E2%80%94-ks1-2-relationships)  [Tom](https://www.pshe-association.org.uk/curriculum-and-resources/resources/growing-yasmine-tom-%E2%80%94-ks1-2-relationships) |
| Year 4 | Spring 1 & 2 | Relationships including:    What is your understanding of relationships  What makes a positive, healthy relationship  How to maintain good friendships  Appropriate and inappropriate behaviour  The difference between acceptable and unacceptable physical contact and how to respond to it (PANTS) Similarities and differences  Solving disputes and conflicts  Keeping safe online | PSHE Association  NSPCC programme  [Internet Safety](https://www.pshe-association.org.uk/curriculum-and-resources/resources/google-and-parent-zone-ks2-internet-safety)  [Premier League Primary Stars - Diversity](https://www.pshe-association.org.uk/curriculum-and-resources/resources/premier-league-primary-stars) |

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| YEAR GROUP | TERM | TOPIC DETAIL | RESOURCES |
| Year 5 | Autumn 1                  Spring 1 & 2 | Relationships including:    Growth and changing – puberty and human reproduction  The difference between acceptable and unacceptable physical contact and how to respond to it (PANTS) Keeping safe online      Respond to a wider range of feelings in others  Types of relationship, marriage and civil partnerships  Different forms of physical contact  Discrimination, teasing, bullying and aggressive behaviour The right to privacy | PSHE Association  NSPCC programme |
| Year 6 | Autumn 1                Spring 1 & 2 | Relationships including:  Changes during puberty, human reproduction, roles and responsibilities of parents and the right to protect our bodies Keeping safe online      Feelings, empathy and recognising the emotions of others  Friendships, families, couples and positive relationships  Pressure and unhealthy relationships  Committed loving relationships including civil partnerships  Forced and arranged marriage  Appropriate and inappropriate physical contact  Privacy, sharing and personal boundaries | PSHE Association  NSPCC programme  [Positive and Healthy](https://www.pshe-association.org.uk/curriculum-and-resources/resources/medway-public-health-directorate-relationships-and)  [Relationships](https://www.pshe-association.org.uk/curriculum-and-resources/resources/medway-public-health-directorate-relationships-and) |

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| Year 7 | Autumn                Spring                                Summer | Relationships:   * *Manage and maintain friendships including:*   how to identify, express and manage their emotions in a constructive way  how to manage the challenges of moving to a new school how to establish and manage friendships     * *Diversity, prejudice and bullying including:*   identity, rights and responsibilities about living in a diverse society  how to challenge prejudice, stereotypes and discrimination the signs and effects of all types of bullying, including online how to respond to bullying of any kind, including online how to support others     * *Health and puberty Healthy routines, influences on health, puberty, unwanted contact, and FGM including:*   how to recognise and respond to inappropriate and unwanted contact  about FGM and how to access help and support     * *Building relationships Self-worth, romance and friendships (including online) and relationship boundaries including:* how to develop self-worth and self-efficacy   about qualities and behaviours relating to different types of positive relationships  how to recognise unhealthy relationships how to recognise and challenge media stereotypes how to evaluate expectations for romantic relationships about consent, and how to seek and assertively communicate consen | [Every Mind Matters - Dealing with Change](https://www.pshe-association.org.uk/curriculum-and-resources/resources/every-mind-matters-teaching-resources)            [Every Mind Matters - Bullying and Cyberbullying](https://www.pshe-association.org.uk/curriculum-and-resources/resources/every-mind-matters-teaching-resources)  [Childnet - Crossing the Line](https://www.pshe-association.org.uk/curriculum-and-resources/resources/childnet-crossing-line-online-safety-pshe-toolkit)  [Something's Not Right](https://www.pshe-association.org.uk/curriculum-and-resources/resources/home-office-somethings-not-right-abuse-disclosure)          [Freedom Charity - FGM and](https://www.pshe-association.org.uk/curriculum-and-resources/resources/fgm-and-forced-marriage-lesson-plans-freedom)  [Forced Marriage](https://www.pshe-association.org.uk/curriculum-and-resources/resources/fgm-and-forced-marriage-lesson-plans-freedom)  [FORWARD](https://www.pshe-association.org.uk/curriculum-and-resources/resources/fgm-schools-resource-pack-forward)  [Medway Public Health](https://www.pshe-association.org.uk/curriculum-and-resources/resources/medway-public-health-directorate-relationships-and)  [Directorate](https://www.pshe-association.org.uk/curriculum-and-resources/resources/medway-public-health-directorate-relationships-and)    [Consent](https://www.pshe-association.org.uk/curriculum-and-resources/resources/guidance-teaching-about-consent-pshe-education-key)  [Medway Public Health](https://www.pshe-association.org.uk/curriculum-and-resources/resources/medway-public-health-directorate-relationships-and)  [Directorate](https://www.pshe-association.org.uk/curriculum-and-resources/resources/medway-public-health-directorate-relationships-and)  [Every Mind Matters - Forming](https://www.pshe-association.org.uk/curriculum-and-resources/resources/every-mind-matters-teaching-resources)  [Positive Relationships](https://www.pshe-association.org.uk/curriculum-and-resources/resources/every-mind-matters-teaching-resources) [BBFC - Making Choices](https://www.pshe-association.org.uk/curriculum-and-resources/resources/bbfc-ks3-lessons-%E2%80%98making-choices-sex-relationships)  [CEOP - Send me a pic?](https://www.pshe-association.org.uk/curriculum-and-resources/resources/%E2%80%98send-me-pic%E2%80%99-rse-resource-nca-ceop-ks3)  [Commitment - what does it mean?](https://www.pshe-association.org.uk/curriculum-and-resources/resources/fastn-ks3-relationships-resource-commitment-what)  Something's Not Right |

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| YEAR GROUP | TERM | TOPIC DETAIL | RESOURCES |  |
| Year 8 | Autumn                            Summer | Relationships:   * *Discrimination Discrimination in all its forms, including: racism, religious discrimination, disability, discrimination, sexism, homophobia, biphobia and transphobia:*   how to manage influences on beliefs and decisions about group-think and persuasion how to develop self-worth and confidence  about gender identity, transphobia and gender-based discrimination how to recognise and challenge homophobia and biphobia  how to recognise and challenge racism and religious discrimination       * *Identity and relationships Gender identity, sexual orientation, consent, ‘sexting’, and an introduction to contraception including:* the qualities of positive, healthy relationships   how to demonstrate positive behaviours in healthy relationships about gender identity and sexual orientation  about forming new partnerships and developing relationships about the law in relation to consent  that the legal and moral duty is with the seeker of consent how to effectively communicate about consent in relationships about the risks of ‘sexting’ and how to manage requests or pressure to send an image  about basic forms of contraception, e.g. condom and pill | [#ImwithSam](https://www.pshe-association.org.uk/curriculum-and-resources/resources/imwithsam-%E2%80%93-anti-disability-discrimination)                            [Consent](https://www.pshe-association.org.uk/curriculum-and-resources/resources/guidance-teaching-about-consent-pshe-education-key)  [Medway](https://www.pshe-association.org.uk/curriculum-and-resources/resources/medway-public-health-directorate-relationships-and)  [Public](https://www.pshe-association.org.uk/curriculum-and-resources/resources/medway-public-health-directorate-relationships-and)  [Directorate](https://www.pshe-association.org.uk/curriculum-and-resources/resources/medway-public-health-directorate-relationships-and)  [BBFC - Making Choice](https://www.pshe-association.org.uk/curriculum-and-resources/resources/bbfc-ks3-lessons-%E2%80%98making-choices-sex-relationships)  [NCA CEOP - Send me](https://www.pshe-association.org.uk/curriculum-and-resources/resources/%E2%80%98send-me-pic%E2%80%99-rse-resource-nca-ceop-ks3) [Commitment - What mean?](https://www.pshe-association.org.uk/curriculum-and-resources/resources/fastn-ks3-relationships-resource-commitment-what)  [Something's Not Right](https://www.pshe-association.org.uk/curriculum-and-resources/resources/home-office-somethings-not-right-abuse-disclosure) | [Health](https://www.pshe-association.org.uk/curriculum-and-resources/resources/medway-public-health-directorate-relationships-and)  [s](https://www.pshe-association.org.uk/curriculum-and-resources/resources/bbfc-ks3-lessons-%E2%80%98making-choices-sex-relationships)  [a pic?](https://www.pshe-association.org.uk/curriculum-and-resources/resources/%E2%80%98send-me-pic%E2%80%99-rse-resource-nca-ceop-ks3) [does it](https://www.pshe-association.org.uk/curriculum-and-resources/resources/fastn-ks3-relationships-resource-commitment-what) |

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| YEAR GROUP | TERM | TOPIC DETAIL | RESOURCES |
| Year 9 | Spring                                Summer | Relationships:   * *Respectful relationships, Families and parenting, healthy relationships, conflict resolution, and relationship changes, including:*   about different types of families and parenting, including single parents, same sex parents, blended families, adoption and fostering about positive relationships in the home and ways to reduce  homelessness amongst young people  about conflict and its causes in different contexts, e.g. with family and friends  conflict resolution strategies  how to manage relationship and family changes, including relationship breakdown, separation and divorce how to access support services     * *Intimate relationships Relationships and sex education including consent, contraception, the risks of STIs, and attitudes to pornography:*   about readiness for sexual activity, the choice to delay sex, or enjoy intimacy without sex  about myths and misconceptions relating to consent about the continuous right to withdraw consent and capacity to consent  about STIs, effective use of condoms and negotiating safer sex about the consequences of unprotected sex, including pregnancy how the portrayal of relationships in the media and pornography might affect expectations  how to assess and manage risks of sending, sharing or passing on sexual images  how to secure personal information online | [Curious about Conflict](https://www.pshe-association.org.uk/curriculum-and-resources/resources/CRESST-curious-about-conflict-KS3-lesson-pack)                                [Consent](https://www.pshe-association.org.uk/curriculum-and-resources/resources/guidance-teaching-about-consent-pshe-education-key)  [Medway Public Health Directorate](https://www.pshe-association.org.uk/curriculum-and-resources/resources/medway-public-health-directorate-relationships-and)  [Disrespect NoBody](https://www.pshe-association.org.uk/curriculum-and-resources/resources/disrespect-nobody-teaching-resources-preventing)  [BBFC Making Choices](https://www.pshe-association.org.uk/curriculum-and-resources/resources/bbfc-ks3-lessons-%E2%80%98making-choices-sex-relationships)  [NCA CEOP - Send me a pic?](https://www.pshe-association.org.uk/curriculum-and-resources/resources/%E2%80%98send-me-pic%E2%80%99-rse-resource-nca-ceop-ks3) [Something's Not Right](https://www.pshe-association.org.uk/curriculum-and-resources/resources/home-office-somethings-not-right-abuse-disclosure) |

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| YEAR GROUP | TERM | TOPIC DETAIL | RESOURCES | |
| Year 10 | Autumn                                      Spring | Relationships:  • *Relationships and sex expectations, myths, pleasure and challenges, including the impact of the media and pornography:*  about relationship values and the role of pleasure in relationships about myths, assumptions, misconceptions and social norms about sex, gender and relationships  about the opportunities and risks of forming and conducting relationships online  how to manage the impact of the media and pornography on sexual attitudes, expectations and behaviours  about the ethical and legal implications in relation to consent, including manipulation, coercion, and capacity to consent how to recognise and respond to pressure, coercion and exploitation, including reporting and accessing appropriate support how to recognise and challenge victim blaming about asexuality, abstinence and celibacy    • *Addressing extremism and radicalisation Community cohesion and challenging extremism including:*  about communities, inclusion, respect and belonging about the Equality Act, diversity and values  about how social media may distort, mis-represent or target information in order to influence beliefs and opinions how to manage conflicting views and misleading information how to safely challenge discrimination, including online how to recognise and respond to extremism and radicalisation | [Relationship Safety](https://www.pshe-association.org.uk/curriculum-and-resources/resources/alice-ruggles-trust-relationship-safety-resource-0)  [Working Out Relationships](https://www.pshe-association.org.uk/curriculum-and-resources/resources/working-out-relationships-ks4-lesson-plans)                                [Inclusion, Belonging Addressing Extremism](https://www.pshe-association.org.uk/curriculum-and-resources/resources/inclusion-belonging-addressing-extremism-%E2%80%94-ks4)  [Be Internet Citizens](https://www.pshe-association.org.uk/curriculum-and-resources/resources/be-internet-citizens-lessons-ks3-4) | [and](https://www.pshe-association.org.uk/curriculum-and-resources/resources/inclusion-belonging-addressing-extremism-%E2%80%94-ks4) |

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| YEAR GROUP | TERM | TOPIC DETAIL | RESOURCES |
| Year 11 | Spring                                Summer | Relationships:   * *Personal values, assertive communication (including in relation to contraception and sexual health), relationship challenges and abuse, including:*   about core values and emotions  about gender identity, gender expression and sexual orientation how to communicate assertively how to communicate wants and needs  how to handle unwanted attention, including online how to challenge harassment and stalking, including online about various forms of relationship abuse about unhealthy, exploitative and abusive relationships how to access support in abusive relationships and how to overcome challenges in seeking support     * *Families Different families and parental responsibilities, pregnancy, marriage and forced marriage and changing relationships including:*   about different types of families and changing family structures how to evaluate readiness for parenthood and positive parenting qualities  about fertility, including how it varies and changes  about pregnancy, birth and miscarriage about unplanned pregnancy options, including abortion about adoption and fostering  how to manage change, loss, grief and bereavement about ‘honour based’ violence and forced marriage and how to safely access support | [Consent](https://www.pshe-association.org.uk/curriculum-and-resources/resources/guidance-teaching-about-consent-pshe-education-key)  [Relationship Safety](https://www.pshe-association.org.uk/curriculum-and-resources/resources/alice-ruggles-trust-relationship-safety-resource-0)  [CEOP - Online Blackmail](https://www.pshe-association.org.uk/curriculum-and-resources/resources/nca-ceop-online-blackmail-ks4-5-lessons)  [Working Out Relationships](https://www.pshe-association.org.uk/curriculum-and-resources/resources/working-out-relationships-ks4-lesson-plans)  [Something's Not Right](https://www.pshe-association.org.uk/curriculum-and-resources/resources/home-office-somethings-not-right-abuse-disclosure)                    [Family Life](https://www.pshe-association.org.uk/curriculum-and-resources/resources/family-life-lesson-plans)  [Freedom Charity - FGM and Forced Marriage](https://www.pshe-association.org.uk/curriculum-and-resources/resources/fgm-and-forced-marriage-lesson-plans-freedom)  [Winston's Wish - Loss and](https://www.pshe-association.org.uk/curriculum-and-resources/resources/winstons-wish-lessons-loss-and-bereavement-ks1-4)  [Bereavement](https://www.pshe-association.org.uk/curriculum-and-resources/resources/winstons-wish-lessons-loss-and-bereavement-ks1-4) |

# Appendix 2: By the end of primary school, students should know:

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| TOPIC | STUDENTS SHOULD KNOW |
| Families and people who care about me | * That families are important for children growing up because they can give love, security and stability * The characteristics of healthy family life, commitment to each other, including in times of difficulty, protection and care for children and other family members, the importance of spending time together and sharing each other’s lives * That others’ families, either in school or in the wider world, sometimes look different from their family, but that they should respect those differences and know that other children’s families are also characterised by love and care * That stable, caring relationships, which may be of different types, are at the heart of happy families, and are important for children’s security as they grow up * That marriage represents a formal and legally recognised commitment of two people to each other which is intended to be lifelong * How to recognise if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe, and how to seek help or advice from others if needed |
| Caring friendships | * How important friendships are in making us feel happy and secure, and how people choose and make friends * The characteristics of friendships, including mutual respect, truthfulness, trustworthiness, loyalty, kindness, generosity, trust, sharing interests and experiences and support with problems and difficulties * That healthy friendships are positive and welcoming towards others, and do not make others feel lonely or excluded * That most friendships have ups and downs, and that these can often be worked through so that the friendship is repaired or even strengthened, and that resorting to violence is never right * How to recognise who to trust and who not to trust, how to judge when a friendship is making them feel unhappy or uncomfortable, managing conflict, how to manage these situations and how to seek help or advice from others, if needed |

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| TOPIC | STUDENTS SHOULD KNOW |
| Respectful relationships | * The importance of respecting others, even when they are very different from them (for example, physically, in character, personality or backgrounds), or make different choices or have different preferences or beliefs * Practical steps they can take in a range of different contexts to improve or support respectful relationships • The conventions of courtesy and manners * The importance of self-respect and how this links to their own happiness * That in school and in wider society they can expect to be treated with respect by others, and that in turn they should show due respect to others, including those in positions of authority * About different types of bullying (including cyberbullying), the impact of bullying, responsibilities of bystanders (primarily reporting bullying to an adult) and how to get help * What a stereotype is, and how stereotypes can be unfair, negative or destructive * The importance of permission-seeking and giving in relationships with friends, peers and adults |
| Online relationships | * That people sometimes behave differently online, including by pretending to be someone they are not * That the same principles apply to online relationships as to face-to face relationships, including the importance of respect for others online including when we are anonymous * The rules and principles for keeping safe online, how to recognise risks, harmful content and contact, and how to report them * How to critically consider their online friendships and sources of information including awareness of the risks associated with people they have never met * How information and data is shared and used online |
| Being safe | * What sorts of boundaries are appropriate in friendships with peers and others (including in a digital context) * About the concept of privacy and the implications of it for both children and adults; including that it is not always right to keep secrets if they relate to being safe * That each person’s body belongs to them, and the differences between appropriate and inappropriate or unsafe physical, and other, contact * How to respond safely and appropriately to adults they may encounter (in all contexts, including online) whom they do not know * How to recognise and report feelings of being unsafe or feeling bad about any adult * How to ask for advice or help for themselves or others, and to keep trying until they are heard * How to report concerns or abuse, and the vocabulary and confidence needed to do so * Where to get advice e.g. family, school and/or other sources |

# Appendix 2: By the end of secondary school, students should know:

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| TOPIC | STUDENTS SHOULD KNOW |
| Families | * That there are different types of committed, stable relationships * How these relationships might contribute to human happiness and their importance for bringing up children * What marriage is, including their legal status e.g. that marriage carries legal rights and protections not available to couples who are cohabiting or who have married, for example, in an unregistered religious ceremony * Why marriage is an important relationship choice for many couples and why it must be freely entered into * The characteristics and legal status of other types of long-term relationships * The roles and responsibilities of parents with respect to raising of children, including the characteristics of successful parenting * How to: determine whether other children, adults or sources of information are trustworthy: judge when a family, friend, intimate or other relationship is unsafe (and to recognise this in others’ relationships); and, how to seek help or advice, including reporting concerns about others, if needed |
| Respectful relationships, including friendships | * The characteristics of positive and healthy friendships (in all contexts, including online) including: trust, respect, honesty, kindness, generosity, boundaries, privacy, consent and the management of conflict, reconciliation and ending relationships. This includes different (non-sexual) types of relationship * Practical steps they can take in a range of different contexts to improve or support respectful relationships * How stereotypes, in particular stereotypes based on sex, gender, race, religion, sexual orientation or disability, can cause damage (e.g. how they might normalise non-consensual behaviour or encourage prejudice) * That in school and in wider society they can expect to be treated with respect by others, and that in turn they should show due respect to others, including people in positions of authority and due tolerance of other people’s beliefs * About different types of bullying (including cyberbullying), the impact of bullying, responsibilities of bystanders to report bullying and how and where to get help * That some types of behaviour within relationships are criminal, including violent behaviour and coercive control * What constitutes sexual harassment and sexual violence and why these are always unacceptable * The legal rights and responsibilities regarding equality (particularly with reference to the protected characteristics as defined in the   Equality Act 2010) and that everyone is unique and equal |

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| TOPIC | STUDENTS SHOULD KNOW |
| Online and media | * Their rights, responsibilities and opportunities online, including that the same expectations of behaviour apply in all contexts, including online * About online risks, including that any material someone provides to another has the potential to be shared online and the difficulty of removing potentially compromising material placed online * Not to provide material to others that they would not want shared further and not to share personal material which is sent to them * What to do and where to get support to report material or manage issues online * The impact of viewing harmful content * That specifically sexually explicit material e.g. pornography presents a distorted picture of sexual behaviours, can damage the way people see themselves in relation to others and negatively affect how they behave towards sexual partners * That sharing and viewing indecent images of children (including those created by children) is a criminal offence which carries severe penalties including jail * How information and data is generated, collected, shared and used online |
| Being safe | * The concepts of, and laws relating to, sexual consent, sexual exploitation, abuse, grooming, coercion, harassment, rape, domestic abuse, forced marriage, honour-based violence and FGM, and how these can affect current and future relationships * How people can actively communicate and recognise consent from others, including sexual consent, and how and when consent can be withdrawn (in all contexts, including online) |

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| TOPIC | STUDENTS SHOULD KNOW |
| Intimate and sexual relationships, including sexual health | * How to recognise the characteristics and positive aspects of healthy one-to-one intimate relationships, which include mutual respect, consent, loyalty, trust, shared interests and outlook, sex and friendship * That all aspects of health can be affected by choices they make in sex and relationships, positively or negatively, e.g. physical, emotional, mental, sexual and reproductive health and wellbeing * The facts about reproductive health, including fertility and the potential impact of lifestyle on fertility for men and women * That there are a range of strategies for identifying and managing sexual pressure, including understanding peer pressure, resisting pressure and not pressurising others * That they have a choice to delay sex or to enjoy intimacy without sex * The facts about the full range of contraceptive choices, efficacy and options available * The facts around pregnancy including miscarriage * That there are choices in relation to pregnancy (with medically and legally accurate, impartial information on all options, including keeping the baby, adoption, abortion and where to get further help) * How the different sexually transmitted infections (STIs), including HIV/AIDs, are transmitted, how risk can be reduced through safer sex (including through condom use) and the importance of and facts about testing * About the prevalence of some STIs, the impact they can have on those who contract them and key facts about treatment * How the use of alcohol and drugs can lead to risky sexual behaviour * How to get further advice, including how and where to access confidential sexual and reproductive health advice and treatment |

# Appendix 3: Parent form: Withdrawal from sex education within RSE

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| **TO BE COMPLETED BY PARENTS** | | | |
| Name of child |  | Class |  |
| Name of parent |  | Date |  |
| Reason for withdrawing from sex education within relationships and sex education | | | |
|  | | | |
| Any other information you would like the school to consider | | | |
|  | | | |
| Parent signature |  | | |

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| **TO BE COMPLETED BY THE SCHOOL** | |
| Agreed actions from discussion with parents |  |
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### Relationships and Sex Education (RSE) Policy

# Appendix 4: DfE RSE Statutory Guidance Suggested Resources

Link to Annex B (page 46) in DfE Relationship Education, Relationships and Sex Education and Health Education guidance – Suggested resources:

<https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/> [805781/Relationships\_Education](https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/805781/Relationships_Education__Relationships_and_Sex_Education__RSE__and_Health_Education.pdf)  [Relationships\_and\_Sex\_Education](https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/805781/Relationships_Education__Relationships_and_Sex_Education__RSE__and_Health_Education.pdf)  [RSE](https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/805781/Relationships_Education__Relationships_and_Sex_Education__RSE__and_Health_Education.pdf) [and\_Health\_Educ](https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/805781/Relationships_Education__Relationships_and_Sex_Education__RSE__and_Health_Education.pdf)ation.pdf

24 September 2022

### Relationships and Sex Education (RSE) Policy

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| Review – June 2022 | Nicola Lambros Director of Education for Europe  Alison Barnett – Regional Safeguarding Lead for Europe |

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| **Audience** | |
| Audience | All school staff |

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| **Related documentation** | |
| Related documentation | Curriculum Policy  SEND Policy  EAL Policy  Prevent Duty  Early Years Policy, where relevant  Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy and Procedures  Independent School Standards |

25 September 2022